AMEE醫學教育研討會心得分享: 台灣實證教學之困境

衛生福利部雙和醫院實證健康照護中心 譚家偉 主任







Simulation Rural teaching Simulation reaching Assessment Continuing education development

Competency Standardized patients

Research education Curriculum Accreditation Mobile learning Interprofessional learning

Residents as teacher

Practical skills

Case-based discussion Evidence-based medicine

Feedback Instructional design

Performance-based test Education environment





Which type of MMI

Multiple Mini Interview (MMI)

- Six Stations, 8-minute each, 2 mins inbetween
- Two types
- Behavioural ... Tell me a time when...
- Situational.. Imagine you are...
- Marked on a 7-point on a Behaviourally Anchored Rating Scale (BARS).

EXAMPLE of Behavioural

Can you tell me about a time when you dealt with a patient who became emotional during your consultation.

Prompts: (to be used as necessary)

- What strategies did you you use?
- What are the ways in which the patients emotions might have impacted upon you?

Probes

- What happened?
- Why do you do that?
- How did you do that?

USING AN INNOVATIVE ONLINE COLLABORATIVE PLATFORM TO RECRUIT STUDENTS FOR INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL VOLUNTEERING

FAHEEM AHMED, NAEEM AHMED, MAHFUJ AHMED, RAIHAANAH AL-HOQUE, MUSLIMA CHOWDHURY

BACKGROUND

Over the past decade, there has been a significant rise in electives undertaken in developing countries by students and doctors in the UK and US. Understanding the complexity of tropical disease and developing cross-cultural communication skills has become increasingly important in daily practice to meet the needs of diverse patients backgrounds. Handling challenging clinical duties in developing countries has also shown dramatic improvements to participants' clinical knowledge and emphasises the importance of learning how to manage patients with limited resources.

SUMMARY OF WORK

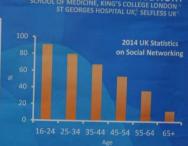
Evidence suggests that almost all medical students in the developed world actively use a form of social. Selfless UK, is an international charity that has developed an innovative online platform for students to volunteer on medical placements overseas. Students are able to create their own profile and select projects that particularly appeal to them, ranging from general medicine to ophthalmology. Our international projects help facilitate students' elective placements tailored to their needs. By using social media, we have been able to successfully engage and promote global health opportunities to a wider audience of students.

CONCLUSION

Recognising the importance of social media, Selfess UK has used its unique volunteering platform to increase the number of international medical electives by providing greater opportunities to a wider audience

TAKE-HOME MESSAGE

Social media is an effective tool in increasing medical volunteering opportunities in the developing world.



RESULTS

Selfless has over 1,000 online members. Students have provided strong positive feedback for our programmes overseas, stating that the projects were 'easily accessible', serving as a 'highly efficient solution to arranging a tricky elective process' and enabled them 'to get hands on clinical experience'.



selfless*

師者:傳道、授業、解惑也

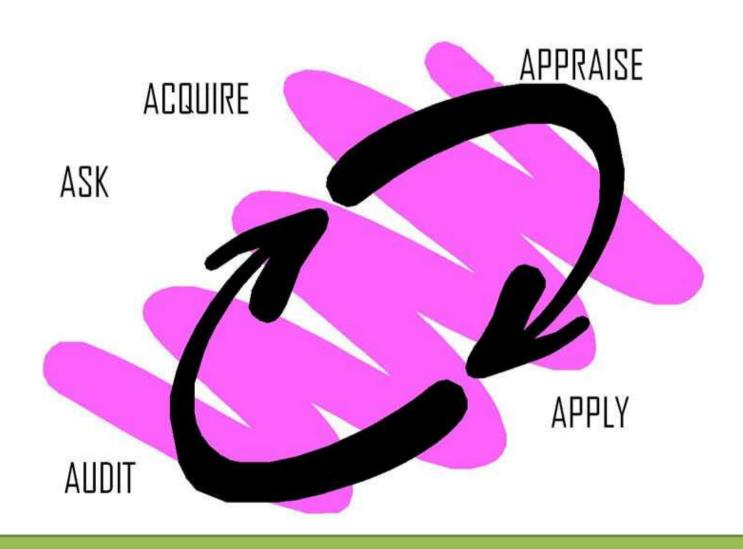


台灣實證教學之困境

- 上級: 支持卻不深入
- 推動者:了解卻常誤解
- 學員:可學卻非必要學



The Five Steps of EBM



Definition of EBM

• EBM is the conscientious, explicit and judicious use of current best evidence in making decisions about the care of the individual patient. (Sackett D, 1996)

The Core values of EBM

- · Developments of hierarchy of evidence
- The "truth" should be assessed based on the "totality of evidence"
- Evidence is necessary but not sufficient for decision-making



Box 2 | Quality of evidence and definitions

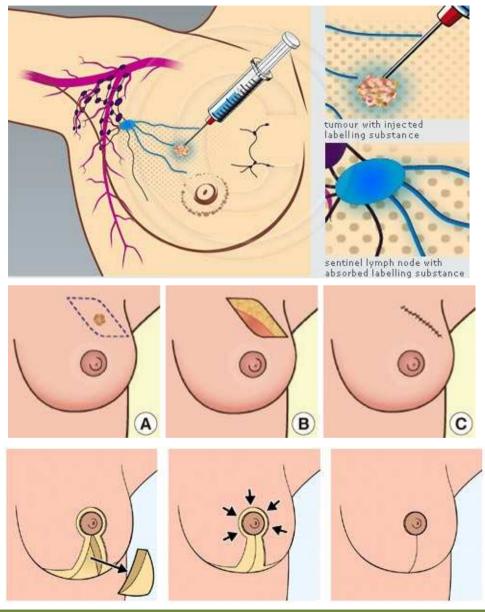
High quality— Further research is very unlikely to change our confidence in the estimate of effect

Moderate quality—Further research is likely to have an important impact on our confidence in the estimate of effect and may change the estimate

Low quality— Further research is very likely to have an important impact on our confidence in the estimate of effect and is likely to change the estimate

Very low quality— Any estimate of effect is very uncertain

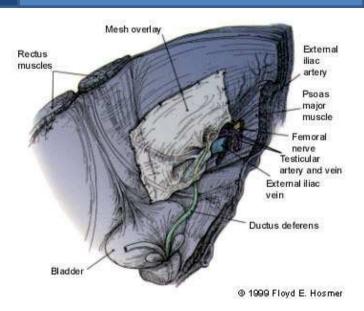
Breast cancer



Water versus Ice



TEP hernia repair



	No fixation		Staple fixation			Odds Ratio	Odds Ratio)	
Study or Subgroup	Events	Total	Events	Total	Weight	M-H, Fixed, 95% C		M-H, Fixed, 95% CI			
Ferzli 1999	0	50	1	50	2.1%	0.33 [0.01, 8.21]					
Koch 2006	2	27	10	26	13.5%	0.13 [0.02, 0.66]					
Lau 2003	14	100	20	100	24.6%	0.65 [0.31, 1.38]					
Moreno-Egea 2004	14	85	18	85	21.5%	0.73 [0.34, 1.59]			-		
Parshad 2005	4	34	2	29	2.7%	1.80 [0.31, 10.62]			•		
Taylor 2008	27	250	28	250	35.7%	0.96 [0.55, 1.68]			+		
Total (95% CI)		546		540	100.0%	0.73 [0.51, 1.05]			•		
Total events	61		79					_			
Heterogeneity: Chi ² = 6.55, df = 5 (P = 0.26); I^2 = 24%								0.1	1	 10	100
Test for overall effect: Z = 1.70 (P = 0.09)								-	ı ation Favo	-	

Share decision making

付諸實行

依循往例 期待新知

Evidence

AB 各有優劣 A 完勝 B

證據不足 無法定論

浮萍理論





Evidence

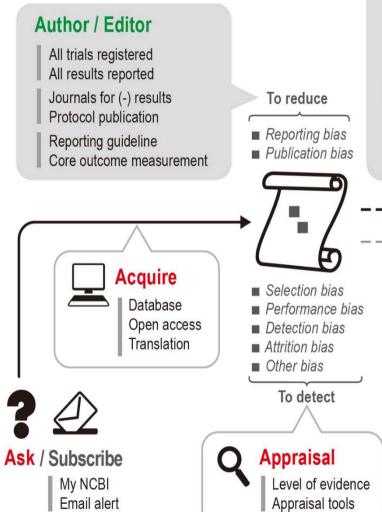
- Study limitation
- Inconsistency of results
- Indirectness of evidence
- Imprecision
- Reporting bias
- Treatment effect
- Dose-response relation
- Plausible biases

=> high, moderate, low and very low grade evidences

Recommendation

- Relative values
- Benefit and harms
- Economic considerations
- => Strong or weak recommendations

Knowledge provider



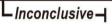


Systematic review

Meta-analysis
Network meta-analysis
Individual patient data meta-analysis

Guideline

AGREE GRADE





Apply

Aware

ware } EBM journal club

Accepted

Applicable

Able

Acted on

Agreed to

Share decision making

Plan/Do/Check/Act

Education

• Adhered to Value-based decision making

Audit

Over diagnosis, over treatment Health technology assessment Media

Knowledge user

台灣實證教學之前境

- 讓學生成為水而不是冰
 - EBM journal club
- 謹記證據有強弱,強弱代表以後被推翻的機率
- · Systematic review是實證存在最主要的價值
 - Just do it
- 浮萍理論
 - Case-based / PBL / EBM Discussion

Thank you for your attention!